

DATE: December 4, 2013

TO: Tim Greenwell, Principal

SUBJECT: Liberty ES - IAQ - Air Test request - Room 502

Yesterday 12/3, I received W.O. #172119: "Room #502 - Has mildew and a smell that doesn't go away." I inspected the room about 1:30 PM, and found no water intrusions. I am requesting an Air Test. The test should be done next week, when the temperature is above 60 degrees, and not raining. If you have any questions, please contact me.

Thanks, Paul

Paul Siddall Maintenance Energy Auditor (IAQ) Facility Services Lewisville ISD 469-446-8882



DATE: December 19, 2013

TO: Tim Greenwell, Principal

SUBJECT: Liberty ES - IAQ - Air Test Results - Room 502

On Tuesday 12/17, SWG Air tested the Room 502. It is typically assumed that indoor spore levels in an area with filtered or air conditioned air, and activity levels associated with schools average 10% to 40% of the outdoor levels. Data from the airborne fungi sampling indicated that the total indoor concentration of mold/fungi in the Room 502, was 50.0% of the outdoor levels. Utilizing this theory, the indoor concentrations are above the acceptable guidelines for areas with filtered air or air conditioning. There were 3 spores of Stachybotrys in the room, with 2 spores outside. I am requesting Custodial Services to Steam Clean the carpets. This process will be done during the Holiday break. We will retest during the week of 1/6 – 1/10, depending on weather. Temperature needs to be above 60 degrees and not raining. If you have any questions, please call me.

Thanks, Paul

Paul Siddall Maintenance Energy Auditor (IAQ) Facility Services Lewisville ISD 469-446-8882



2351 W. Northwest Hwy., Suite 3321

Dallas, Texas 75220 Ph: (214) 350-5469

Fax: (214) 350-2914

December 19, 2013

Lewisville Independent School District 340 Lake Haven Lewisville, Texas 75057 Attn: Mr. Paul Siddall

Re: Limited Mold Assessment Services

Liberty Elementary School

Room 502 4600 Quail Run Flower Mound, Texas SWG Project No. 0113H288

LISD PO# P252123

Introduction

Southwest Geoscience (SWG) conducted limited mold assessment activities for the Lewisville Independent School District (Lewisville I.S.D.) within Liberty Elementary School located at 4600 Quail Run in Flower Mound, Texas (hereinafter referred to as the "Site"). The investigation was limited to areas of the Site identified by Lewisville I.S.D. as described below. The assessment was performed by Mr. Clinton S. Jech, a State of Texas licensed Mold Assessment Technician (License #MAT1075), on December 17, 2013. SWG's mold services definitions and limitations are included as an attachment to this report.

Investigation Areas

Lewisville I.S.D. identified the following physical portions of the Site as the target investigation areas ("Investigation Areas") for mold assessment: readily accessible areas within room 502. SWG's mold assessment services were limited to the Investigation Area(s) identified by Lewisville, I.S.D. Additional areas or portions of the Site were out-of-scope and not included in SWG's mold assessment or this report at this time.

Scope of Work

As set forth in SWG's Mold Assessment Proposal No. 0113H1429 dated December 4, 2013. SWG's scope-of-work was to provide visual and/or analytical mold assessment and related services in the Investigation Areas which included:

Visual Reconnaissance: SWG performed a visual reconnaissance of the Investigation Areas for visible indications of moisture intrusion (as indicated by staining or visible moisture) and/or suspect mold growth. SWG's visual reconnaissance only included readily accessible or visible portions of the Investigation Areas.

Suspect Mold Growth Sampling and Analysis: SWG collected limited ambient air samples for nonviable mold spores utilizing Air-O-Cell cassettes. "Air-O-Cell" refers to slit impaction air sampling cassettes manufactured by Zefon Analytical Accessories, St. Petersburg, Florida.

Site Reconnaissance Observations/Findings and Recommendations

SWG's Mold Assessment Site reconnaissance was performed on December 17, 2013 by Mr. Clinton S. Jech. SWG's visual reconnaissance of the Investigation areas revealed the following:

Temperature and Relative Humidity

Temperature readings collected inside the investigation area on December 17, 2013 reported as 70.8 degrees Fahrenheit while relative humidity reported as 29.5 percent. Temperature readings



collected outside the building ranged from 67.8 to 73.5 degrees Fahrenheit while outside relative humidity ranged from 24.6 to 25.0 percent.

Relative humidity is a measure of the moisture content of air and is closely tied to the comfort of the office/workplace temperature. As with temperature, there are no regulations governing acceptable office/workplace humidity ranges. Humidity levels in the office/work place are not only related to health effects, but also have operational impacts on modern office equipment.

Workplace/office temperatures have historically been considered a subjective factor because the perception of uncomfortable temperature levels is specific to each individual. There are no regulations governing acceptable office/workplace temperature ranges, but significant research has been conducted which indicates that there are temperature ranges that are not only comfortable but also result in optimum performance. ASHRAE (American Society of Heating, Refrigerating & Air Conditioning Engineers) has published guidelines describing thermal environmental conditions that at least 80% of the persons who occupy that environment will find acceptable or "comfortable." Table I below explains the applicable limits and guidelines.

Table I										
Acceptable Ranges Of Temperature And Humidity										
Relative Humidity	Summer Temperatures									
30%	68.5 to 76°F	74 to 80°F								
40%	68.5 to 75.5°F	73 to 79.5°F								
50%	68.5 to 74.5°F	73 to 79°F								
60%	68 to 74°F	72.5 to 78°F								

Air Monitoring Results

SWG collected one (1) sample from the interior of the building and two (2) samples from the exterior of the building. The microbial samples were analyzed by Steve Moody Micro Services, Inc. (SMMS) in Farmers Branch, Texas; SMMS is a State of Texas licensed mold analysis laboratory and accredited under the AIHA Laboratory Quality Assurance Program for Environmental Microbiology.

Air testing performed using spore traps found that airborne mold spores in the room were considerably lower and were qualitatively similar to those measured outside of the building at the time the sampling was performed. Total fungal spore concentration within the investigation area was reported as 840 counts/m³ reported, while the exterior level ranged from 1,480 to 1,680 counts/m³.

One (1) type of mold was identified at a higher concentration within the investigation area as compared to the samples collected from the exterior of the building. Air sample(s) collected within the room reported Stachybotrys as 60 counts/m³ while exterior levels were reported as 40 counts/m³.

The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) sets forth assessment criteria related to the "indoor/outdoor" relationship where the indoor air quality should be at or below that of outdoor air quality with regard to fungal spores (see ACGIH Bioaerosols, Assessment and Controls publication, 1999).

Suspect Mold

SWG observed no visible mold during the assessment. No odors or excessive dust were noted.



Conclusions and Recommendations

Based on SWG's limited assessment and the analytical results, it appears that the indoor air quality, as it relates to airborne fungi, was within recommended guidelines. However, due to a higher presence of Stachybotrys within the room, additional testing may be considered for a higher level of confidence.

If you have any questions regarding this report or if we can assist you with any other matter, please contact the undersigned at (214) 350-5469.

Sincerely,

Southwest Geoscience

Clinton S. Jech Project Manager

Field Services

Texas Mold Assessment Technician

Lic. No. MAT1075

Darren G. Bowden Corporate Director

Industrial Hygiene Services

Texas Mold Assessment Consultant

Lic. No. MAC0321

Attachments: Analytical Results/Chain of Custody

Mold Services Definitions & Limitations/Standard of Care and Reliance



Analytical Results/Chain of Custody

Steve Moody Micro Services, LLC

2051 Valley View Lane

DSHS License No.: LAB0117

AIHA EMPAT ID: 102577

Farmers Branch, TX 75234 Phone: (972) 241-8460

Client: Southwest Geoscience - Dallas, TX Lab Job No. 13F-13770

Project: Liberty ES Room 502 Report Date 12/18/2013 4:15 PM

Project #: 0113H288 **Sample Date :** 12/17/2013

Sample Type: Spore Trap, Non-cultured Spore Trap Type: Zefon - Air-O-Cell

Test Method: Mold: ASTM D7391-09 - Standard Profile Page 1 of 2

On 12/17/2013, three (3) samples were submitted by Clint Jech of Southwest Geoscience - Dallas, TX (located at 2351 W NW Hwy #3321, Dallas, TX 75220) for Spore Trap, Non-cultured mold analysis. This report consists of three sections; a summary section, a data detail section, and an analytical notes section.

Volume (liters)	Sample Description	Identification	Concentration spores/cubic meter
75	Exterior, Northwest	Agaricus / Agrocybe	120
			80
		_	40
			240
			200 280
			200
			240
		1	40
		Stachybotrys	40
		Total:	1480
75	Exterior, Southwest	Agaricus / Agrocybe	80
		Alternaria	40
		Ascospores	80
		Aspergillus / Penicillium	360
		Basidiospores	480
		Cerebella / Monodictys / Stemphylium / Ulocladium	80
		Cladosporium	80
		Hyphal / Spore Fragments	240
		Myxomycete / Periconia / Rust / Smut	160
		Stachybotrys	40
		Torula	40
		Total:	1680
	75	(liters) 75 Exterior, Northwest	(liters) Total: Total:

Steve Moody Micro Services, LLC DSHS License No.: LAB0117 Summary 2051 Valley View Lane AIHA EMPAT ID: 102577

Farmers Branch, TX 75234 Phone: (972) 241-8460

Lab Job No. 13F-13770 **Client:** Southwest Geoscience - Dallas, TX

Project: Liberty ES Room 502 **Report Date** 12/18/2013 4:15 PM

Project #: 0113H288 **Sample Date:** 12/17/2013

Sample Type: Spore Trap, Non-cultured Spore Trap Type: Zefon - Air-O-Cell

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Sample Number	Volume (liters)	Sample Description	Identification	Concentration spores/cubic meter
3	150	Room 502	Alternaria	20
			Ascospores	20
			Aspergillus / Penicillium	240
			Basidiospores	140
			Cladosporium	60
			Hyphal / Spore Fragments	100
			Myxomycete / Periconia / Rust / Smut	200
			Stachybotrys	60
			Total:	840

Results may not be reported except in full. Data contained in this test report relates only to the samples tested. This report does not express or imply interpretation of the results contained herein. Interpretation should be made by a qualified professional.

Steve Moody Micro Services assumes no responsibility for the manner in which these samples were collected or handled prior to being received at this laboratory. SMMS assumes no responsibility for the qualifications of personnel performing sampling and/or interpretations of this data.

Analyst(s): Rob Greene

Approved Signatory : Bune half Lab Director: Bruce Crabb

Thank you for choosing Steve Moody Micro Services

Steve Moody Micro Services, LLC

Data Detail

DSHS License No.: LAB0117

2051 Valley View Lane

AIHA EMPAT ID: 102577

Farmers Branch, TX 75234 Phone: (972) 241-8460

Client: Southwest Geoscience - Dallas, TX Lab Job No.: 13F-13770

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Page 1 of 1

This report consists of three sections; a summary section, a data detail section, and an analytical notes section. Results may not be reported except in full.

This report consists of three sections	1	•	ion, a data de			-				or repor	
Sample ID:	1			2			3				
Location:	Exterior, Northwest		Exte	Exterior, Southwest		Room 502					
Debris Rating:		3			3			4			
Media Expires On:		Feb 2	014		Feb 2	.014		Feb 2	014		
Notes Included?:											
Volume:		75	j		75	5		150	0		
	raw ct.	MDL	spores/m³	raw ct.	MDL	spores/m³	raw ct.	MDL	spores/m³		
Agaricus / Agrocybe	3	40.00	120	2	40.00	80					
Alternaria	2	40.00	80	1	40.00	40	1	20.00	20		
Ascospores	1	40.00	40	2	40.00	80	1	20.00	20		
Aspergillus / Penicillium	6	40.00	240	9	40.00	360	12	20.00	240		
Basidiospores	5	40.00	200	12	40.00	480	7	20.00	140		
Cerebella / Monodictys / Stemphylium / Ulocladium				2	40.00	80					
Chaetomium											
Cladosporium	7	40.00	280	2	40.00	80	3	20.00	60		
Hyphal / Spore Fragments	5	40.00	200	6	40.00	240	5	20.00	100		
Memnoniella											
Myxomycete / Periconia / Rust / Smut	6	40.00	240	4	40.00	160	10	20.00	200		
Nigrospora	1	40.00	40								
Stachybotrys	1	40.00	40	1	40.00	40	3	20.00	60		
Torula				1	40.00	40					
TOTALS	37		1480	42		1680	42		840		
Analyst		Rob Gr	eene		Rob Greene		Rob Greene				
Analysis Date		12/18/	2013		12/18/	2013		12/18/	2013		

Debris Rating Key:

- 0 No debris detected.
- 1 Trace debris.
- 2 Light debris.
- 3 Moderate debris.
- 4 Substantial debris.
- 5 Extensive debris.
- 6 Field blank.

NOTE: Debris defined as skin, fibers, pollen grains, insect parts, and/or other non-fungal particles.

Steve Moody Micro Services, LLC Analytical Notes DSHS License No.: LAB0117 2051 Valley View Lane AIHA EMPAT ID: 102577

Farmers Branch, TX 75234 Phone: (972) 241-8460

Client: Southwest Geoscience - Dallas, TX Lab Job No.: 13F-13770

Project: Liberty ES Room 502 Report Date: 12/18/2013 4:15 PM

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Test Method: Mold: ASTM D7391-09 - Standard Profile

Page 1 of 1

This report consists of three sections; a summary section, a data detail section, and an analytical notes section. Results may not be reported except in full.

NOTE: No abnormalities or exceptions noted during analysis. All samples suitable for analysis.

NOTE: No discernable field blanks were included with this sample set.

Methods

Method: ASTM D7391-09: Categorization and Quantification of Airborne Fungal Structures in an Inertial Impaction Sample by Optical Microscopy.

Calculation: Spores/cubic meter = (Raw spore count)*(MDL)

Note: MDL (Minimum Detection Limit) is calculated based upon 1 raw spore count.

Steve Moody Micro Services recommends two significant figures for calculated values based on ASTM D7391-09.

This report must not be used by the customer to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by AIHA, ISO, or any agency of the Federal Government.



LAB # 102577

Chain of Custody

Page of



Lab Job#_	13F-13770 ACC: 3
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	oce for immediate, after-hour, & weekend		L			
Turnaround of Cu	ulture Samples subject to Culture Growth	**			T. 7	
ASBESTOS Bulk	PLM ☐ 1 day ☐ 2 day ☐ 3 day ☐ Analyze All ☐ Pos	5 day Immositive Stop	ediate	ASBESTOS T Air AHERA M Air 7402 (Mod Bulk/Wipe/Mic	ethod 6 hr	☐2 day ☐3 day
PCM Air (74 TOTAL DUS	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 000 & \boxed{1 \text{ day}} & \boxed{2 \text{ day}} & \boxed{3 \text{ day}} \\ \underline{\text{ST}} & (0500/0600) & \boxed{1 \text{ day}} & \boxed{2 \text{ day}} \end{array}$	day 🔲 5 day 🔲 i day	Immediate	Water Analyze Bl	□1 day anks □Yo	
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Billing Com	pany / City: SWG Dall	0.4			# of Samples:	3
Submitter's (Sample Date:	12/17/2013
	Name: Clinton 5. Je					113H288
						11311288
	berty ES Room 500				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	ormation: Name: Clinton S.					72) 989-1631
E-mail Resul	Its to: Clint/Durcen /V.	Lanice				
	ress: Veronica				P.O. #:	
- Please review pap	erwork and samples before submitting to lab. Un:	sealed / improperly packaged	i / damaged / exp	ired samples or excess	ive administrative req	uests may incur additional fees
Notes:						
Sample #	Sample Description	on	Vol. / Area if applicable		Location / N	otes
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3	Room 502		150	T= 70.8	" H= 29	5 4,
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Mold Services Definitions & Limitations/ Standard of Care and Reliance



Mold Services Definitions & Limitations

"Mold" defined. Mold is a general term used to describe various types of singled-celled naturally occurring biological organisms occurring worldwide. For purposes of this report (and the Texas Mold Assessment & Remediation Rules), the term "mold" is broadly defined to include any living or dead fungi or related products or parts, including spores, hyphae, and mycotoxins.

Limited Scope of Mold Assessment. The scope of SWG's mold assessment services as reflected in the Proposal and this report are limited in that (i) they were physically limited to certain portions of the building structure (e.g., the Client identified Investigation Areas); and (ii) limited by accessibility to building materials or components within the Investigation Area(s). In contrast to a Limited Assessment" is a comprehensive assessment, which involves destructive sampling methods and the scope of the assessment typically extending to the entire building structure.

Time sensitive. Mold assessments are essentially a "snap shot in time," and the results are only relevant at the time of site reconnaissance. Because mold, when biologically active, is a living organism, its presence is influenced and controlled by environmental conditions. Mold assessments, therefore, are "time sensitive" in that the presence and concentration of mold and similar organisms in building structures or in the air is directly influenced by environmental conditions (such as humidity, moisture, nutrients and substrates), whether natural or caused by man, which conditions may vary significantly over relatively short periods of time.

Methodologies. Currently, mold assessment methodologies and protocols in Texas are governed by persuasive guidelines (rather than promulgated federal/state or local regulations). Presently, there is no data that supports a threshold limit or dose-response relationship for exposure to mold aeroallergens, individual pathogens, opportunistic pathogens and/or mycotoxins. The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), the National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) and other non-governmental associations, have not yet established permissible exposure limits (PELs), recommended exposure limits (RELs), or other limit values for aeroallergens. Because no limit values presently exist, SWG will not and cannot represent that the site contains no harmful microbes, mold, fungi, or their metabolites, or other latent conditions beyond those identified by the limited scope of this mold assessment.

Findings limited. Findings from a limited mold assessment are limited because of the nature of the information obtained (e.g., visual reconnaissance of readily accessible areas of building structures, interview information, anecdotal information, and limited sampling data derived from one or more specific sampling events). SWG cannot warrant the accuracy of prior or subsequent information/data, reports and services performed by other firms at the Site. SWG assumes no responsibility or liability for errors in information or data provided by or through the client or third party sources. SWG's services are not to be construed as legal or medical interpretation or advice.



Moisture Intrusion Limitation. SWG performs mold assessment services and is not a moisture intrusion, HVAC, roofing, plumbing or building envelope specialist. However, during the course of conducting its mold assessment services, SWG will report observed areas of apparent moisture intrusion. SWG does not and will not investigate the cause or causes of such observed moisture intrusion. In the event apparent moisture intrusion is observed, SWG will recommend that the client contact a specialist (i.e., plumbing contractor, building envelope specialist, HVAC contractor, water intrusion specialist, etc.) to assist the client in determining the specific cause or causes of the moisture intrusion and remedial options.

Texas Licensing Requirements. SWG (and/or its personnel) will render the services set forth in this proposal in the capacity of a Texas licensed Mold Assessor. SWG is not licensed as a Mold Remediation Contractor and does not perform mold remediation. As of January 1, 2005, Texas law has required that Mold Assessors and Mold Remediation Contractors be licensed.

Mold Remediation Certificate. For mold remediation projects (above certain size thresholds), applicable Texas law (i.e., Texas Occupation Code Section 1958.54 and T.A.C. Section 295.397 (the Texas Mold Assessment and Remediation Rules), requires that a "Certificate of Mold Remediation" be issued by the Mold Remediation Contractor upon successful completion of the project. This certificate must be provided to property owners no later than the 10th day after the date on which the mold remediation is completed at a property. The Mold Remediation Certificate issued by the Mold Remediation Contractor must include a certification by the Mold Assessor that the mold remediation project has been successfully completed in accordance with the mold remediation protocol.

Be advised that SWG's issuance of a Mold Remediation Certificate upon successful completion of a Mold Remediation project does not mean, warrant or otherwise guarantee that mold will not be subsequently found in any portion of the Investigation Area or the Site. In the event that SWG is engaged to render services in connection with a mold remediation project, SWG will require *Client to provide to SWG a signed certificate prepared by Client's moisture intrusion specialist or appropriate contractor stating that all sources of moisture which resulted in the presence of mold in the Investigation Area have been fully remediated and corrected.*

Standard of Care

SWG performed its Services in accordance with generally accepted practices of the profession undertaken in similar services at the same time and in the same geographical area. No other warranties, expressed or implied, apply to the Services hereunder or this report.

Reliance

SWG's proposal for this project, services and this report have been prepared on behalf of and for the exclusive use of Lewisville Independent School District solely for their use and reliance in assessing the presence of mold in the Investigation Areas of the site. Lewisville Independent School District is the only party to which SWG explained the risks and limitations of the services and was solely involved in shaping the scope of services. Accordingly, reliance on this report by any other party may involve assumptions leading to an unintended interpretation of findings and opinions. With the consent of the client, SWG may offer reliance to third parties



or contract with other parties to develop findings and opinions related to such party's unique risk management concerns. Notwithstanding the foregoing, reliance by any and all third parties upon the proposal, the Services or this report shall be limited in the aggregate to all relying parties to the fair market value of the Services provided by SWG.



DATE: February 25, 2014

TO: Tim Greenwell, Principal

SUBJECT: Liberty ES - IAQ - Re-test Air Test Results - Liberty ES - Room 502

On Wednesday 2/19, SWG Air retested the Room 502. It is typically assumed that indoor spore levels in an area with filtered or air conditioned air, and activity levels associated with schools average 10% to 40% of the outdoor levels. Data from the airborne fungi sampling indicated that the total indoor concentration of mold/fungi in the Room 502, was **28.6**% of the outdoor levels. Utilizing this theory, the indoor concentrations are within the acceptable guidelines for areas with filtered air or air conditioning. If you have any questions, please call me. Thanks,

Paul

Paul Siddall Maintenance Energy Auditor (IAQ) Facility Services Lewisville ISD 469-446-8882



2351 W. Northwest Hwy., Suite 3321

Dallas, Texas 75220 Ph: (214) 350-5469 Fax: (214) 350-2914

February 27, 2014

Lewisville Independent School District 340 Lake Haven Lewisville, Texas 75057 Attn: Mr. Paul Siddall

Re: Limited Mold Assessment Services

Liberty Elementary School

Room 502 4600 Quail Run Flower Mound, Texas.

SWG Project No. 0113H288A

Introduction

Southwest Geoscience (SWG) conducted limited mold assessment activities for the Lewisville Independent School District (Lewisville I.S.D.) within Liberty Elementary School located at 4600 Quail Run in Flower Mound, Texas (hereinafter referred to as the "Site"). The investigation was limited to areas of the Site identified by Lewisville I.S.D. as described below. The assessment was performed by Mr. Clinton S. Jech, a State of Texas licensed Mold Assessment Technician (Lic. No. MAT1075) on February 19, 2014. SWG's mold services definitions and limitations are included as an attachment to this report.

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Scope of Work

As set forth in SWG's Mold Assessment Proposal (No. P0114H1013) dated January 9, 2014, SWG's scope-of-work was to provide visual and/or analytical mold assessment and related services in the Investigation Areas which included:

Visual Reconnaissance: SWG performed a visual reconnaissance of the Investigation Areas for visible indications of moisture intrusion (as indicated by staining or visible moisture) and/or suspect mold growth. SWG's visual reconnaissance only included readily accessible or visible portions of the Investigation Areas.

Suspect Mold Growth Sampling and Analysis: SWG collected limited ambient air samples for nonviable mold spores utilizing Air-O-Cell cassettes. "Air-O-Cell" refers to slit impaction air sampling cassettes manufactured by Zefon Analytical Accessories, St. Petersburg, Florida.

Site Reconnaissance Observations/Findings and Recommendations

SWG's Mold Assessment Site reconnaissance was performed on February 19, 2014 by Mr. Clinton S. Jech. SWG's visual reconnaissance of the Investigation areas revealed the following:

Temperature and Relative Humidity

Temperature readings collected inside the room was reported as 77.0 degrees Fahrenheit while relative humidity was reported as 38.7 percent. Temperature readings collected outside the building ranged from 67.2 to 69 degrees Fahrenheit while outside relative humidity ranged from 61.6 to 70.8 percent.



Relative humidity is a measure of the moisture content of air and is closely tied to the comfort of the office/workplace temperature. As with temperature, there are no regulations governing acceptable office/workplace humidity ranges. Humidity levels in the office/work place are not only related to health effects, but also have operational impacts on modern office equipment.

Workplace/office temperatures have historically been considered a subjective factor because the perception of uncomfortable temperature levels is specific to each individual. There are no regulations governing acceptable office/workplace temperature ranges, but significant research has been conducted which indicates that there are temperature ranges that are not only comfortable but also result in optimum performance. ASHRAE (American Society of Heating, Refrigerating & Air Conditioning Engineers) has published guidelines describing thermal environmental conditions that at least 80% of the persons who occupy that environment will find acceptable or "comfortable." Table I below explains the applicable limits and guidelines.

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50%	68.5 to 74.5°F	73 to 79°F							
60%	68 to 74°F	72.5 to 78°F							

SWG utilized a Protimeter Moisture Measurement System (MMS) instrument (Model No. BLD2000) to measure and diagnose dampness in the drywall within random areas. The MMS is a battery powered handheld unit that is equipped with hydrostick probes to measure moisture content in wood, drywall and other and non-conductive materials. The device measures electrical conductivity of building materials and compares the conductivity readings to an internal, electronic standard reading for normal or "dry" materials.

Moisture content readings were obtained by pushing the moisture probe pins into surfaces. The measured values were then displayed on a colored scale depicting if the materials measured were normal (dry), higher than normal but not critical (at risk) or contained excessive moisture levels (wet). Based on the manufacturer's guidelines, the instrument measurement values are described below:

< 5%	Out of Range				
> 5% but < 16%	Normal				
> 17% but < 20%	Higher than Normal but Not Critical				
> 20%	Excessive Moisture Levels				

Moisture meter readings taken from the walls within the room were reported as 8-10% which is considered normal by the manufacturer.

Air Monitoring Results

SWG collected one (1) sample from the interior of the building and two (2) samples from the exterior of the building. The microbial samples were analyzed by Steve Moody Micro Services, Inc. (SMMS) in Farmers Branch, Texas; SMMS is a State of Texas licensed mold analysis laboratory and accredited under the AIHA Laboratory Quality Assurance Program for Environmental Microbiology.

Lewisville Independent School District SWG Project No. 0113H288A February 27, 2014 Page 3



Air testing performed using spore traps found that airborne mold spores in the room were considerably lower and were qualitatively similar to those measured outside of the building at the time the sampling was performed. Total fungal spore concentration within the investigation area was reported as 2.820 counts/m³, while the exterior level ranged from 6.902 to 9.849 counts/m³.

Five (5) types of mold were identified at a higher concentration within the investigation area as compared to the sample collected from the exterior of the building. Air sample(s) collected within room 502 reported Hyphal/Spore Fragments as 740 counts/m³ while exterior levels were reported as 173 counts/m³. Drechslera/Bipolaris group was reported as 60 counts/m³ while exterior levels were reported as 27 counts/m³. Curvularia was reported as 53 counts/m³ while exterior levels were reported as 13 counts/m³, Pithomyces as 7 counts/m³ while no exterior levels were reported, and Stachybotrys as 13 counts/m³ while no exterior levels were reported.

The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) sets forth assessment criteria related to the "indoor/outdoor" relationship where the indoor air quality should be at or below that of outdoor air quality with regard to fungal spores (see ACGIH Bioaerosols, Assessment and Controls publication, 1999).

Suspect Mold

SWG observed no visible mold during the assessment. No odors or excessive dust were noted.

Conclusions and Recommendations

Based on SWG's limited assessment and the analytical results, it appears that the indoor air quality, as it relates to airborne fungi, was within recommended guidelines.

If you have any questions regarding this report or if we can assist you with any other matter, please contact the undersigned at (214) 350-5469.

Sincerely.

Southwest Geoscience

Darren G. Bowden Corporate Director

Industrial Hygiene Services

Texas Mold Assessment Consultant

Lic. No. MAC0321

Attachments: Analytical Results/Chain of Custody

Mold Services Definitions & Limitations/Standard of Care and Reliance



Analytical Results/Chain of Custody

Steve Moody Micro Services, LLC

2051 Valley View Lane

DSHS License No.: LAB0117

AIHA EMPAT ID: 102577

Farmers Branch, TX 75234 Phone: (972) 241-8460

Client: Southwest Geoscience - Dallas, TX Lab Job No. 14F-02007

Project: Liberty ES Room 502 Report Date 02/21/2014 2:25 PM

Project #: 0113H288A **Sample Date :** 02/19/2014

Sample Type: Spore Trap, Non-cultured Spore Trap Type: Zefon - Air-O-Cell

Test Method: Mold: ASTM D7391-09 - Standard Profile Page 1 of 3

On 2/19/2014, three (3) samples were submitted by Clint Jech of Southwest Geoscience - Dallas, TX (located at 2351 W NW Hwy #3321, Dallas, TX 75220) for Spore Trap, Non-cultured mold analysis. This report consists of three sections; a summary section, a data detail section, and an analytical notes section.

Sample Number	Volume (liters)	Sample Description	Identification	Concentration spores/cubic meter
1	75	Exterior, Southeast	Agrocybe Alternaria Ascospores Aspergillus / Penicillium Basidiospores Cercospora Cladosporium Drechslera / Bipolaris group	40 173 520 533 2759 13 2479 27
			Epicoccum Fusarium Hyphal / Spore Fragments Myxomycete / Rust / Smut Nigrospora Peronospora Spegazzinia Torula	13 53 120 120 13 13 13
			Total:	6902

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Sample Number	Volume (liters)	Sample Description	Identification		Concentration spores/cubic meter
2	75	Exterior, Southwest	Agrocybe Alternaria Ascospores Aspergillus / Penicillium Basidiospores Cladosporium Curvularia Epicoccum Hyphal / Spore Fragments Myxomycete / Rust / Smut Oidium		293 133 400 173 2146 6078 13 53 173 320 67
			ֹן	Total:	9849
3	150	Room 502 * See Analytical Notes report for further details	Agrocybe Alternaria Ascospores Aspergillus / Penicillium Basidiospores Cladosporium Curvularia Drechslera / Bipolaris group Epicoccum Hyphal / Spore Fragments Myxomycete / Rust / Smut Nigrospora Pithomyces Spegazzinia Stachybotrys	Total:	40 93 20 520 720 407 53 60 13 740 120 7 7 7

Steve Moody Micro Services, LLC DSHS License No.: LAB0117 Summary 2051 Valley View Lane AIHA EMPAT ID: 102577

Farmers Branch, TX 75234 Phone: (972) 241-8460

Lab Job No. 14F-02007 **Client:** Southwest Geoscience - Dallas, TX

Project: Liberty ES Room 502 **Report Date** 02/21/2014 2:25 PM

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Sample Number	Volume (liters)	Sample Description	Identification	Concentration spores/cubic meter

Results may not be reported except in full. Data contained in this test report relates only to the samples tested. This report does not express or imply interpretation of the results contained herein. Interpretation should be made by a qualified professional.

Steve Moody Micro Services assumes no responsibility for the manner in which these samples were collected or handled prior to being received at this laboratory. SMMS assumes no responsibility for the qualifications of personnel performing sampling and/or interpretations of this data.

Analyst(s): Rebecca Lutz

Lab Director: Bruce Crabb

Approved Signatory : Bune half Thank you for choosing Steve Moody Micro Services

Steve Moody Micro Services, LLC

Data Detail

DSHS License No.: LAB0117

2051 Valley View Lane

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Page 1 of 2

This report consists of three sections; a summary section, a data detail section, and an analytical notes section. Results may not be reported except in full.

Sample ID:		1			2			3		
Location:	Exte	Exterior, Southeast			Exterior, Southwest			Room	502	
Debris Rating:		4			4		5			
Media Expires On:		Sep 2	014		Sep 2	014		Sep 2	014	
Notes Included?:										
Volume:		75			75			150)	
	raw ct.	MDL	spores/m³	raw ct.	MDL	spores/m³	raw ct.	MDL	spores/m³	
Agrocybe	3	13.33	40	22	13.33	293	6	6.67	40	
Alternaria	13	13.33	173	10	13.33	133	14	6.67	93	
Ascospores	39	13.33	520	30	13.33	400	3	6.67	20	
Aspergillus / Penicillium	40	13.33	533	13	13.33	173	78	6.67	520	
Basidiospores	207	13.33	2759	161	13.33	2146	108	6.67	720	
Cercospora	1	13.33	13							
Chaetomium										
Cladosporium	186	13.33	2479	456	13.33	6078	61	6.67	407	
Curvularia				1	13.33	13	8	6.67	53	
Drechslera / Bipolaris group	2	13.33	27				9	6.67	60	
Epicoccum	1	13.33	13	4	13.33	53	2	6.67	13	
Fusarium	4	13.33	53							
Hyphal / Spore Fragments	9	13.33	120	13	13.33	173	111	6.67	740	
Memnoniella										
Myxomycete / Rust / Smut	9	13.33	120	24	13.33	320	18	6.67	120	
Nigrospora	1	13.33	13				1	6.67	7	
Oidium				5	13.33	67				
Peronospora	1	13.33	13							
Pithomyces							1	6.67	7	
Spegazzinia	1	13.33	13				1	6.67	7	
Stachybotrys						_	2	6.67	13	
Torula	1	13.33	13							
TOTALS	518		6902	739		9849	423		2820	
Analyst	F	Rebecca	a Lutz	F	Rebecc	a Lutz	Rebecca Lutz			
Analysis Date		2/21/2	014		2/21/2	014		2/21/2	014	

Steve Moody Micro Services, LLC

Data Detail

DSHS License No.: LAB0117

2051 Valley View Lane

AIHA EMPAT ID: 102577

Farmers Branch, TX 75234 Phone: (972) 241-8460

Client: Southwest Geoscience - Dallas, TX Lab Job No.: 14F-02007

Project: Liberty ES Room 502 Report Date: 02/21/2014 2:25 PM

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Page 2 of 2

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Debris Rating Key:

- 0 No debris detected.
- 1 Trace debris.
- 2 Light debris.
- 3 Moderate debris.
- 4 Substantial debris.
- 5 Extensive debris.
- 6 Field blank.

 $NOTE: Debris \ defined \ as \ skin, \ fibers, \ pollen \ grains, \ insect \ parts, \ and/or \ other \ non-fungal \ particles.$

Steve Moody Micro Services, LLC Analytical Notes DSHS License No.: LAB0117 2051 Valley View Lane AIHA EMPAT ID: 102577

Farmers Branch, TX 75234 Phone: (972) 241-8460

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Page 1 of 1

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Samples Analyzed

Sample No: 3 : Room 502 Notes: 45% Occluded.

Field Blanks

No discernable field blanks were submitted with this set of samples.

NOTE: All remaining samples suitable for analysis.

Methods

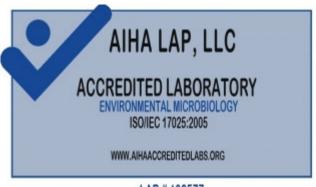
Method: ASTM D7391-09: Categorization and Quantification of Airborne Fungal Structures in an Inertial Impaction Sample by Optical Microscopy.

Calculation: Spores/cubic meter = (Raw spore count)*(MDL)

Note: MDL (Minimum Detection Limit) is calculated based upon 1 raw spore count.

Steve Moody Micro Services recommends two significant figures for calculated values based on ASTM D7391-09.

This report must not be used by the customer to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by AIHA, ISO, or any agency of the Federal Government.



LAB # 102577

Chain of Custody



Lab Job# Lab Job#	14F-02007	AC:3
Lab Job#		

Page of ··Please call in advance for immediate, after-hour, & weekend pricing & availability.* **Turnaround of Culture Samples subject to Culture Growth** **ASBESTOS PLM ASBESTOS TEM** ☐ 1 day ☐ 2 day ☐ 3 day ☐ 5 day ☐ Immediate Bulk Air AHERA Method □6 hr □12hr □24 hr Analyze All ☐ Positive Stop ☐2 day 3 day Air 7402 (Modified) ∏1 day Bulk/Wipe/Micro Vac 1 day 2 day ☐3 day **PCM** Air (7400) ☐ 1 day ☐ 2 day ☐ 3 day ☐ 5 day ☐ Immediate 00/0600) ☐ 1 day ☐ 2 day Water ☐1 day 2 day ☐3 day TOTAL DUST (0500/0600) Analyze Blanks Yes □No MOLD **BACTERIA** Non-culture (Tape / Bulk / Air) 1 day 2 day | Immediate Heterotrophic Plate Count (HPC) 3 day 3 day 6-8 day 6-8 day Air Standard Profile Air Expanded Profile HPC + Gram Stain ☐5 day Analyze Blanks ☐ Yes ☐ No HPC + 3 Gram Neg ID Culture (Swab / Bulk / Plate) 7-14 day HPC + 5 Gram Neg ID Fecal Coliform (MPN) ☐3 day OTHER: Total Coliform & E Coli (P/A) **□**2-3 day Billing Company / City: SWG Dallas # of Samples: Sample Date: 2/17/2014 Submitter's Company: Submitter's Name: Clinton S. JECh Project #: 0113H288A Project: Liletty & S Room 502

Contact Information: Name: Clinton S. Jech Phone #: Mobile #: (972) 989-1031 E-mail Results to: Clint/Descen /Veconica Fax #: Invoice Address: Vernica P.O. #: Please review paperwork and samples before submitting to lab. Unsealed / improperly packaged / damaged / expired samples or excessive administrative requests may incur additional fees---Vol. / Area Sample # Sample Description Location / Notes if applicable TE 67,2 "H=70.8 % Exterior, Southeast 75 75 T=69.0 °H=61.6 % Exterior, Southwest 2 3 Prom 502 TE 77.00 H= 38.7% N= 160 Ceilings - Lay-in Ceiling Time Floors = Curpet / Hoor Tile Received By: Released By Date / Time: JC 2-19-14 119/2014



Mold Services Definitions & Limitations/ Standard of Care and Reliance



CONSUMER MOLD INFORMATION SHEET* Regulation of Mold Assessment and Remediation in Texas

How are businesses that do testing for mold or mold cleanup regulated?

Such businesses are now regulated by the Department of State Health Services (DSHS), based on legislation passed in 2003 (Texas Occupations Code, Chapter 1958). Under the Texas Mold Assessment and Remediation Rules (Rules) (25 TAC §§295.301-295.338), all companies and individuals who perform mold-related activities will have to obtain appropriate licensing from the department by January 1, 2005. Applicants must meet certain qualifications, have required training and pass a state exam in order to receive their licenses. Mold remediation workers must have training and be registered with the department. Laboratories that analyze mold samples must also be licensed and meet certain qualifications. The rules set minimum work standards that licensees must follow and require them to follow a code of ethics. To prevent conflicts of interest, the rules also prohibit a licensee from conducting both mold assessment and mold remediation on the same project.

How can I know if someone is licensed?

A licensed individual is required to carry a photo ID issued by the department with a license number on it. The names of currently licensed companies and individuals are available on the Mold Licensing Program website at: www.tdh.state.tx.us/beh/mold.

What is "mold assessment?"

Mold assessment involves an inspection of a building to evaluate whether mold growth is present, and to what extent. Samples may be taken to determine the amount and types of mold that are present; however, sampling is not necessary in many cases. A mold assessment consultant is responsible for developing a mold remediation protocol, that specifies the estimated quantities and locations of materials to be remediated, the proposed methods to use and clearance criteria that must be met.

What is meant by "clearance criteria?"

Clearance criteria refer to the level of "cleanliness" that is to be achieved by the persons conducting the mold clean up. It is very important that you understand and agree with the assessor prior to starting the project what an acceptable clearance level will be, including what will be acceptable results for any air sampling or surface sampling for mold. There are no national or state standards identifying a "safe" level of mold. Mold spores are a natural part of the environment that are always present at some level in the air and on surfaces all around us. See below for more information about post-remediation assessments.

What is "mold remediation?"

Mold remediation is the clean up and removal of mold growth from surfaces and/or contents in a building. It also refers to actions taken to prevent mold from growing. Mold remediators must follow the mold remediation protocol described above and their own mold remediation work plan that provides specific instructions and/or standard operating procedures for how the project will be done.

Before a remediation project can be deemed successful, a **post-remediation assessment** must be conducted by a **mold assessment consultant.** This is an inspection to ensure that the work area is free from all visible mold and wood rot, the project was completed in compliance with the remediation protocol and remediation work plan, and meets all clearance criteria that were specified in the protocol. The assessment consultant must give you a **passed clearance report** documenting the results of this inspection. If the project fails clearance, further remediation as prescribed by a consultant will be necessary.

What is a Certificate of Mold Remediation?

No later than 10 days after a mold remediation job has passed a clearance inspection, the remediation contractor is required to give you a **Certificate of** Mold Remediation. This certificate must also be signed by the licensed mold assessment consultant who conducted the post-remediation assessment. The consultant is required to state on the certificate that the mold contamination identified for the project has been remediated and whether or not the underlying cause of the mold has been corrected. (That work may involve other types of professional services that are not regulated by these rules, such as plumbers or carpenters.) Receiving a Certificate of Mold Remediation documenting that the underlying cause of the mold was remediated is an advantage for a homeowner. This certificate prevents an insurer from make an underwriting decision on the residential property based on previous mold damage or a claim for mold damage. If you later sell your property, the law requires that you provide the buyer a copy of all Certificates of Mold Remediation you have received for that property.

How is a property owner protected if a mold assessor or remediator does a poor job or actually damages the property?

The rules require licensees to have commercial general liability insurance in the amount of \$1 million, or be self-insured, to cover any damage to your property. Before hiring anyone, you should ask for proof of such insurance coverage. You may wish to inquire if the company carries additional insurance, such as professional liability/errors and omissions (for consultants) or pollution insurance (for contractors), that would provide additional recourse to you, the consumer, should the company fail to perform properly.

How is my confidentiality protected if I share personal information about myself with a company?

The code of ethics in the rules states that licensees are required to the extent required by law, to keep confidential any personal information about a client (including medical conditions) obtained during the course of a mold-related activity. If you desire more privacy, you may be able to negotiate a

contract to include language that other personal information be kept confidential unless disclosure "is required by law." However, licensees are required to identify dates and addresses of projects and other details that can become public information.

How do I file a complaint about a company?

Anyone who believes a company or individual has violated the rules can file a complaint with the Department of State Health Services. For more information on this process and to obtain a complaint form, call (800) 293-0753, or download the complaint form at www.tdh.state.tx.us/beh/mold.

Can property owners do mold assessment or remediation on their own property without being licensed?

Yes. A homeowner can take samples for mold or clean up mold in his own home without a license. An owner, or a managing agent or employee of an owner of a residential property owned by that person is not required to be licensed, **unless** the property has 10 or more residential dwelling units. For non-residential properties, an owner or tenant, or a managing agent or employee of an owner or tenant, is not required to be licensed to do mold assessment or remediation on property owned or leased by the owner or tenant, **unless** the mold contamination affects a total surface area of 25 contiguous square feet or more. Please refer to 25 TAC 295.303 for further details on exceptions and exemptions to licensing requirements.

Where can I get more information?

For more information about mold and the Texas Mold Assessment and Remediation Rules, please visit the Mold Licensing Program website at www.tdh.state.tx.us/beh/mold, or contact program staff at 512-834-4509 or 800-293-0753.

*State law [25 TAC 295.306(c)] requires a licensee, except for a mold analysis laboratory, who is overseeing mold-related activities, to give each client a copy of this **Consumer Mold Information Sheet** before starting any mold-related activity.